

Lecture 6: Basics of I/O and Storage Systems



Rodney Van Meter

2013/12/24

rdv@sfc.wide.ad.jp



Platter, Spindle, Arm, and Head





KEIO 15C Design the Future

Outline

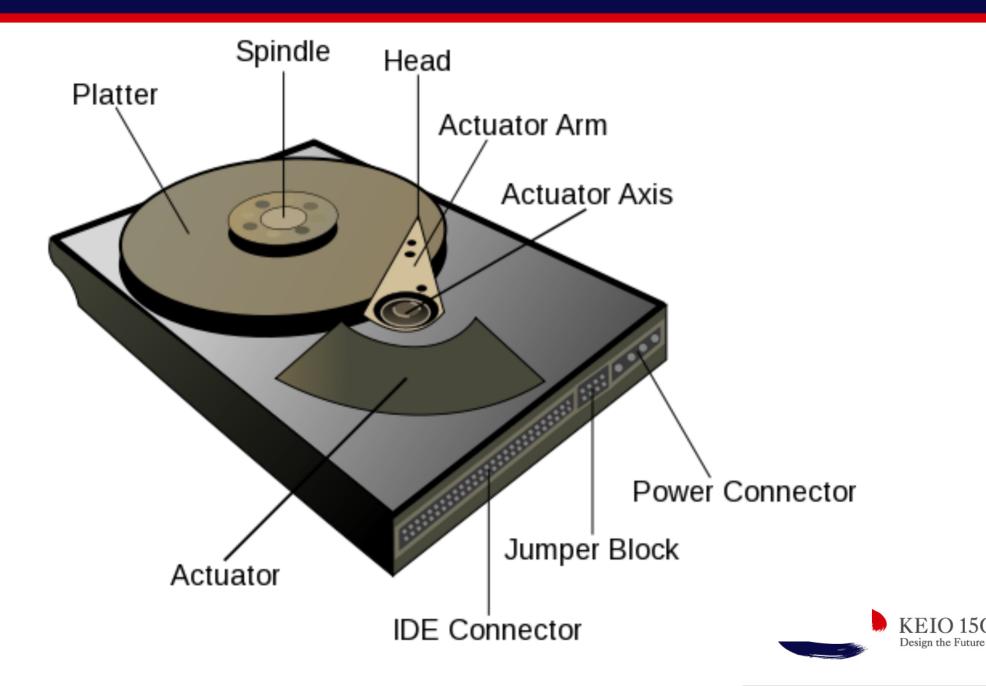


- What's a Disk Drive?
- The Importance of a Disk Drive
- The Insides of a Disk Drive
- The Access Time Gap
- Disk Drive Trends
- A Little History
- The Basics of a Bus
- Homework



What's a Disk Drive?





What's Important About a Disk Drive?

- Expensive
- Consume lots of power
- Performance bottleneck
- Fragile

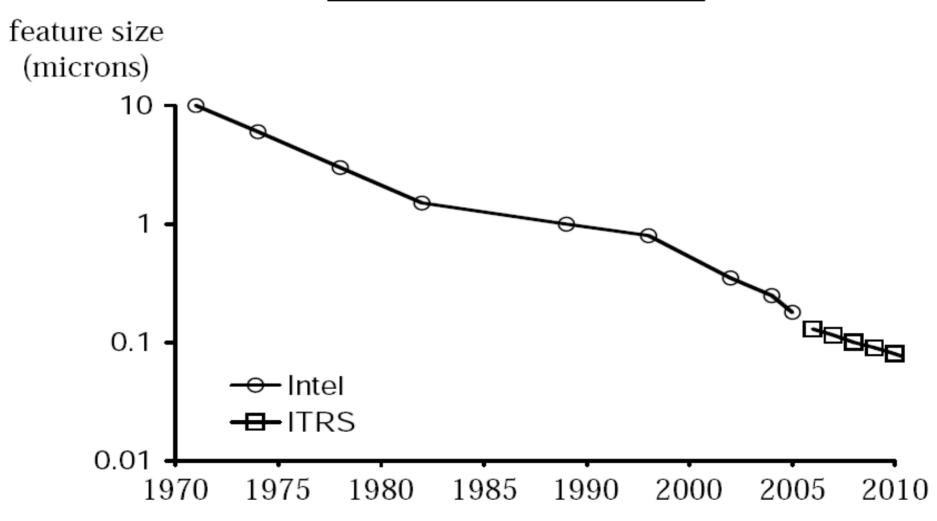
But they hold your data without power (they are nonvolatile), for a long time! Lots and lots of data!



Moore's Law



Minimum Feature Size

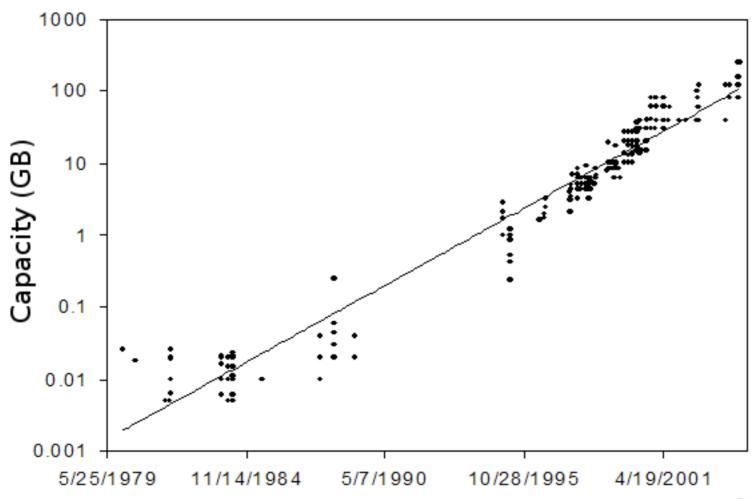


The decreasing minimum feature size of transistor components is shown for both Intel products and data reported by the International Technology Roadmap for Semiconductors (ITRS).

EIO 150 sign the Future

Growth of Capacity Over Two Decades

Hard drive capacity

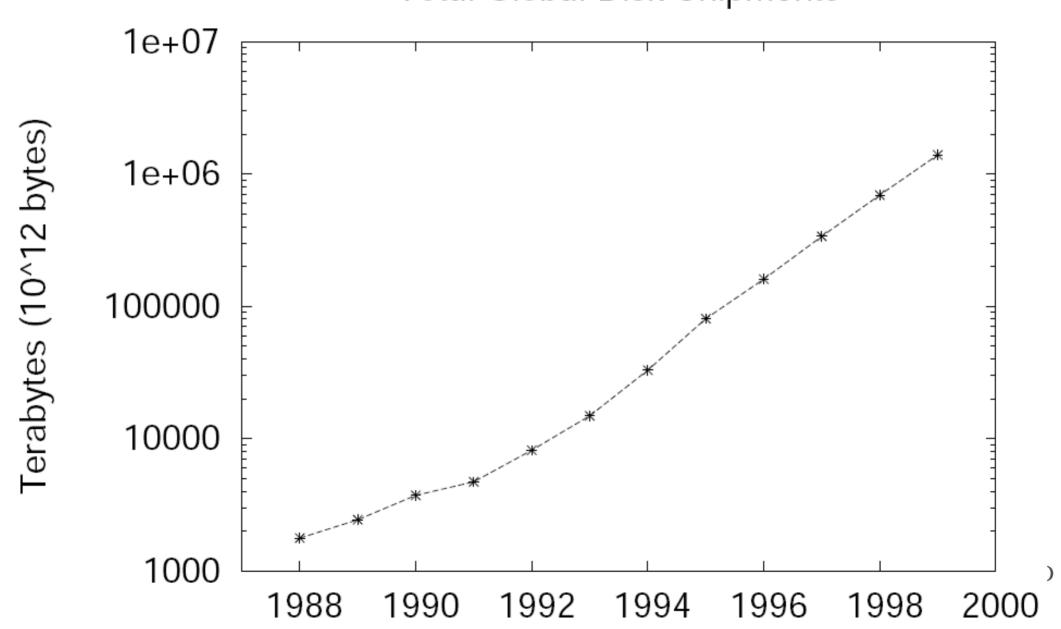




Global Disk Shipments (in TB)

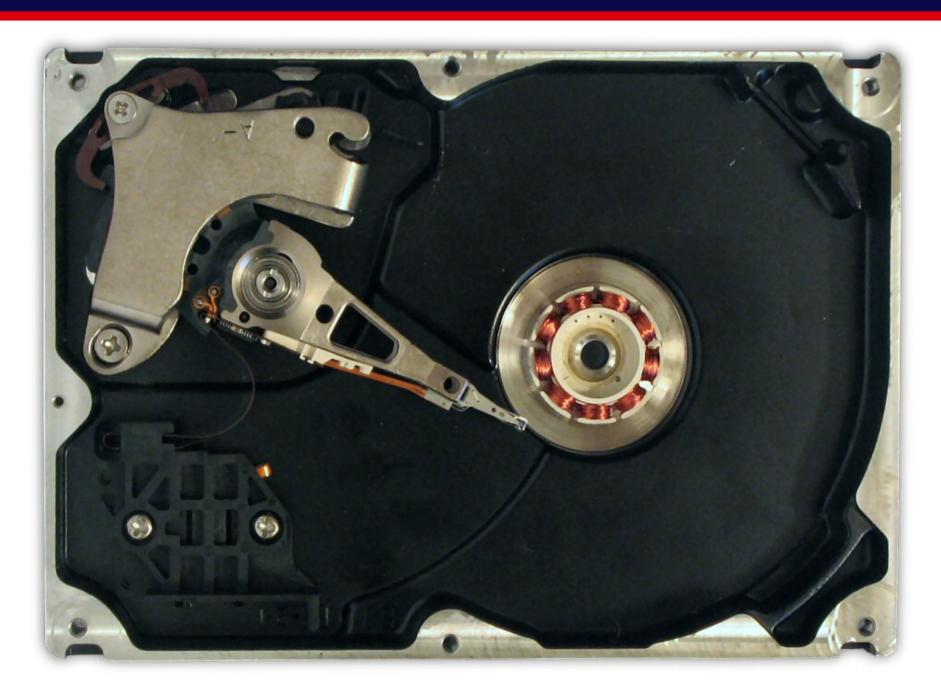






What's a Disk Drive?





Anatomy of a Hard Drive Anatomy of a Hard Disk Drive Closeup of the Frame read-write head Caviar 22100, 2111.8 MB Other side of the frame Actuator magnet Dessicant actuator Hole for the motor Fasteners and axis Cover other hardware (upside down) Disassembled platters Sankyo Actuator EA6Z18B Spindle motor Platter Assembly Controller

The Platter(s)





The Platters: 3 Disks, 6 Arms & Heads?



KEIO 150 Design the Future

Platter, Spindle, Arm, and Head





KEIO 15C Design the Future

Arm, Slider & Read/Write Head

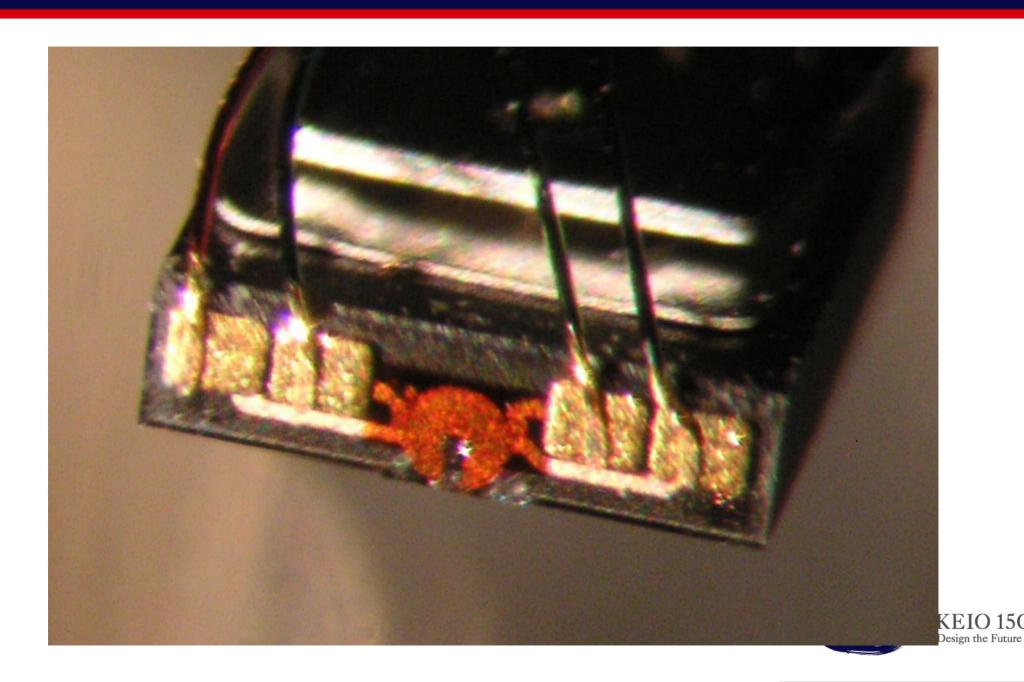






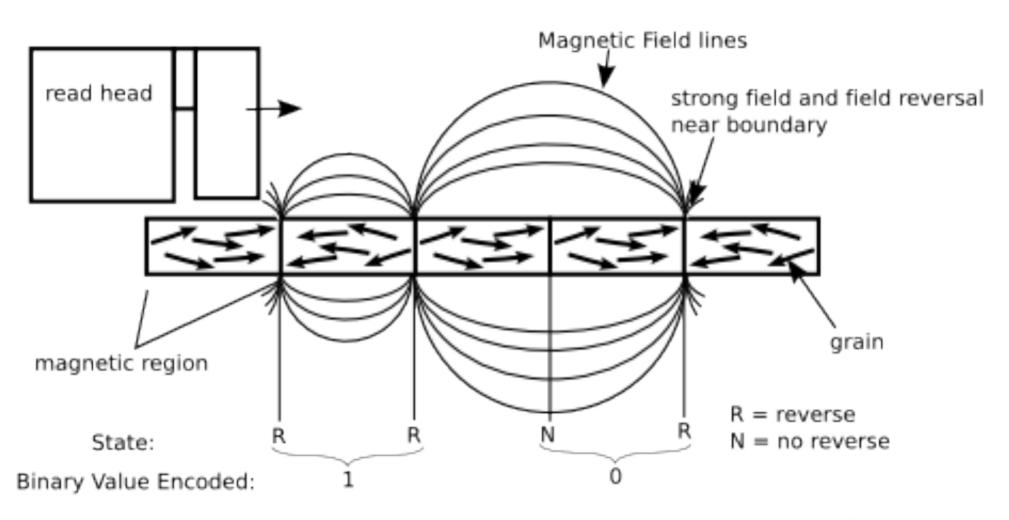
The Head on the Slider





Magnetic Media & R/W Head

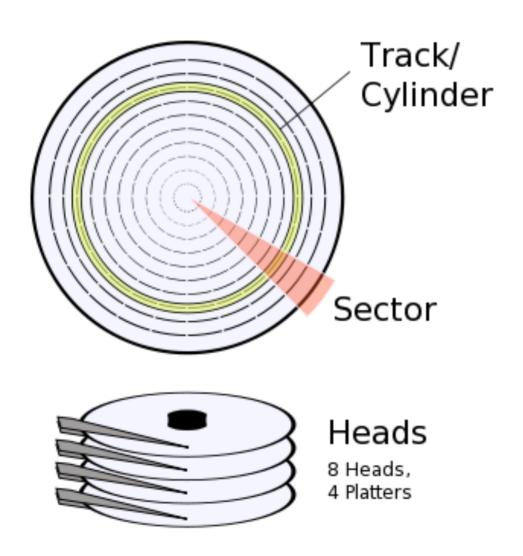






Cyclinder, Head, Sector (CHS)







Video: Arm Moving







Video courtesy of Jun Takei, Intel

Video: Arm Moving (2)

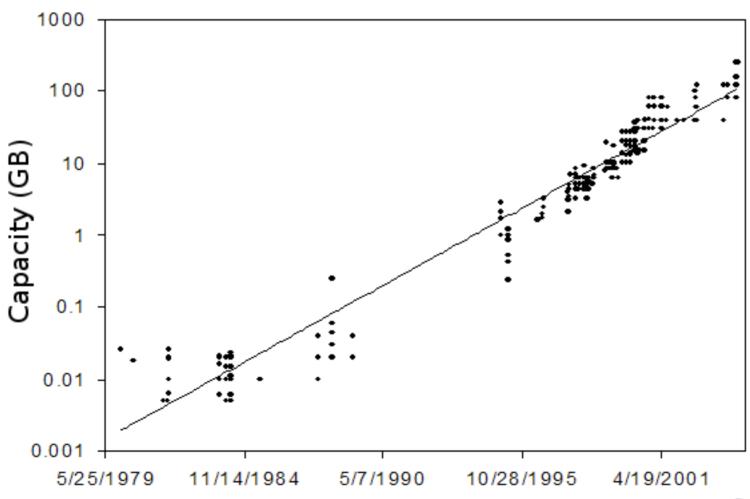




KEIO 150 Design the Future

Growth of Capacity Over Two Decades

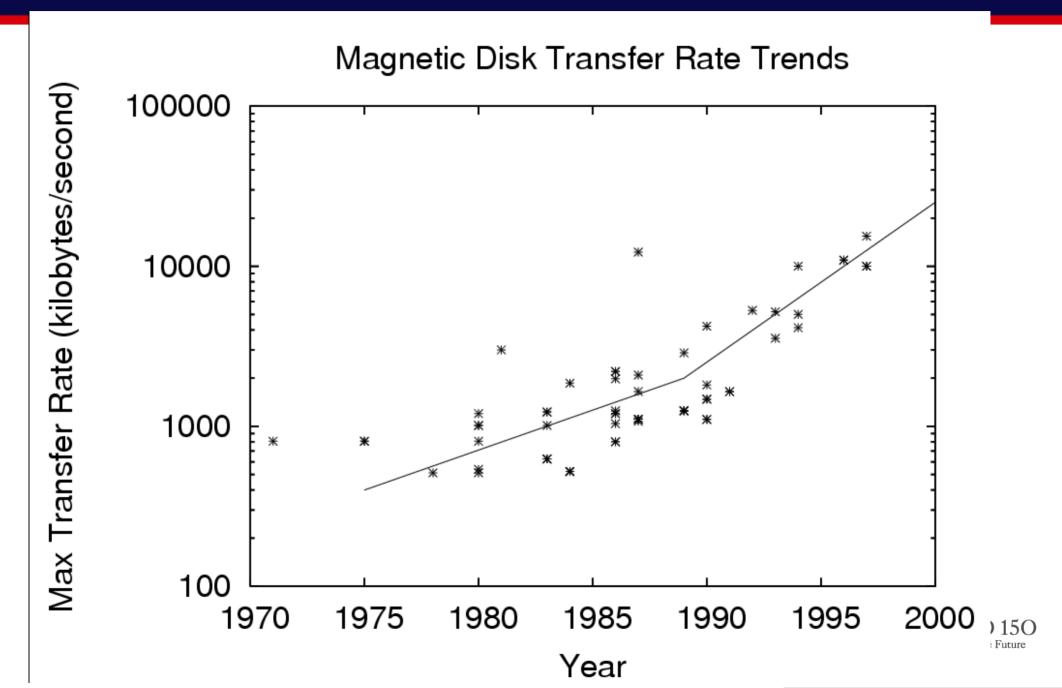
Hard drive capacity





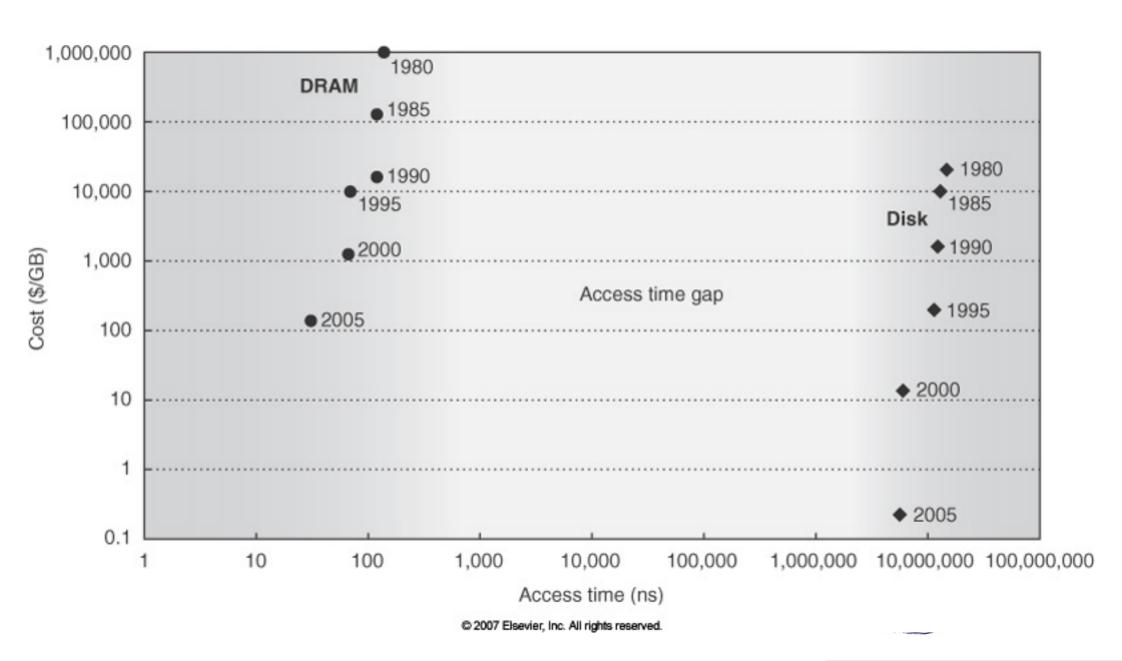
Transfer Rate





Access Time Gap





A Little History: The RAMAC







A Little History: The RAMAC







RAMAC Delivery!







Bus

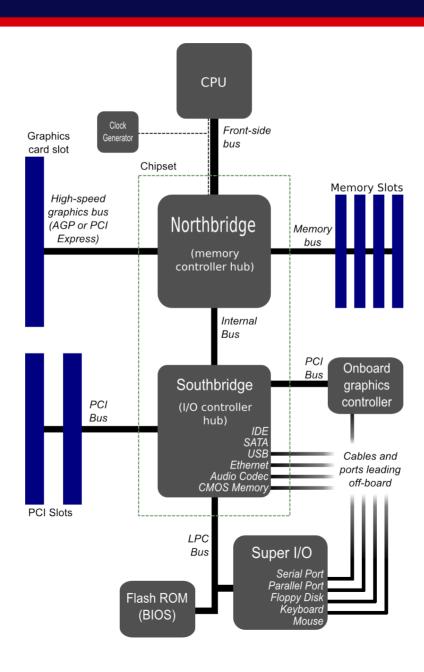


- Shared bandwidth
- Requires addressing
- Transactions
- Arbitration: priority, fairness
- · Limitations: width, length (capacitance, 電気容量)
- Types: memory, peripheral
- Standardization



Buses: System Diagram







Buses: System Diagram



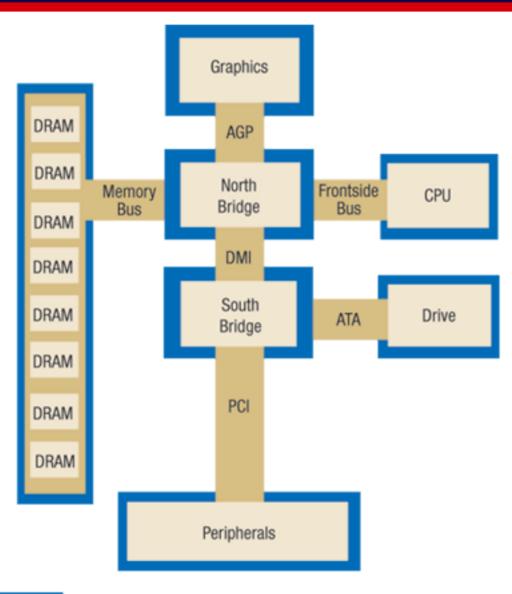


Figure 1 Major semiconductor content of standard motherboard.

